

6 Principles for Raising a Child with ADHD

February 25, 2021

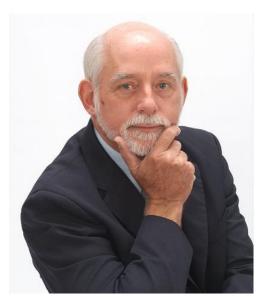
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meet today's expert speaker: Russell A. Barkley, Ph.D.



Russell A. Barkley, Ph.D., is a retired Professor of Psychiatry and Neurology from the University of Massachusetts Medical Center who subsequently worked as a Professor of Psychiatry and Health Sciences at the Medical University of South Carolina and currently is a Clinical Professor of Psychiatry at Virginia Commonwealth University Medical Center. He continues to lecture widely and develop continuing education courses for professionals on ADHD and related disorders, as well as consult on research projects, edit The ADHD *Report,* and write books, reviews, and research articles. He is board certified in Clinical Psychology (ABPP), Clinical Child and Adolescent Psychology, and Clinical Neuropsychology (ABCN, ABPP). Dr. Barkley is a clinical scientist, educator, and practitioner who has published 27 books, rating scales, and clinical manuals numbering more than 43 editions, and creator of 7 award winning professional videos. He has also published more than 300 scientific articles and book chapters related to the nature, assessment, and treatment of ADHD and related disorders. He is the founder and Editor of the clinical newsletter, <u>The ADHD Report</u>, now in its 29th year of publication. His website is: www.russellbarkley.org





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#1 - Understand ADHD

- A disorder of developmentally inappropriate degrees of:
 - inattention and/or
 - hyperactive-impulsive behavior
- Onset in childhood
- Relatively persistent and pervasive
- Creates significant impairment in major life activities
- Not due to PDD, severe MR, psychosis, etc.





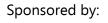
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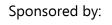






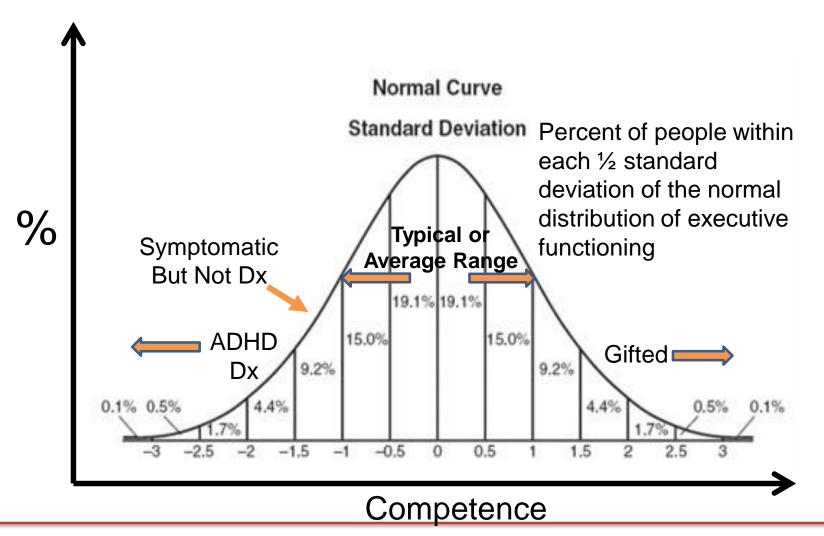
But It's Really a Disorder of Self-Regulation

- What is self-control?
 - Any action we direct at ourselves
 - That helps to change our behavior
 - That changes the likelihood of a future event
- Self-control is based on seven mental abilities that are actions directed at ourselves:
 - Self-awareness (attention to the self; the mind's mirror)
 - Inhibition (self-restraint; the mind's brakes)
 - Visual imagery (self-directed sensing; the mind's eye)
 - Internal speech (self-directed speech; the mind's voice)
 - Emotional control (self-created emotion the mind's heart)
 - Self-motivation (the mind's fuel tank)
 - Planning and problem-solving (self-directed play; the mind's playground)





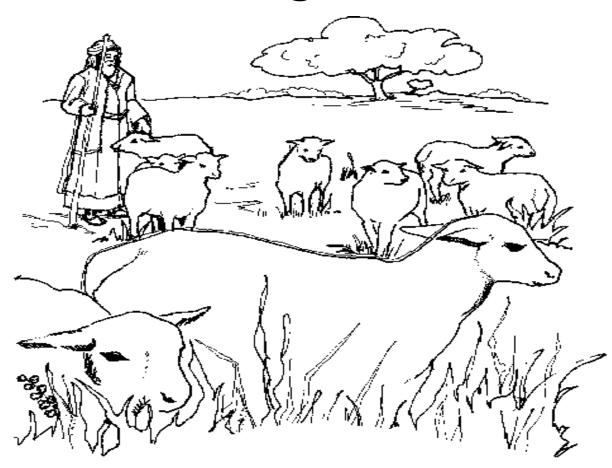
The Bell Curve of EF and ADHD



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#2: Parents Are Shepherds, Not Engineers





Parents Are Shepherds, Not Engineers

- Your children are a unique combination of your extended families' genetic traits
- These interact with your family environment to make your child even more unique
- And all that interacts with unique events that occur to your child as they develop to form a highly unique individual
- You don't get to completely design who your children are or are going to be; they come with hundreds of traits, abilities, talents, and deficits that are largely not of your doing
- Your role as a parent is closer to that of a shepherd to a lamb than one of an engineer or sculptor to raw materials or a block of clay

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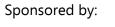
Parents Are Shepherds

- Provide protection, shelter, and good nourishment
 - Accident-proof the pasture
 - Monitor your child in the pastures more often
 - Be alert to bullying, victimization, and abuse
 - Focus on healthy nutrition reduce risk for obesity
- Find great pastures provide for high-quality, safe, nurturing, supportive, and stimulating environments where you can (including the community in which you choose to live)
- Focus on shepherding provide a supportive, caring, stimulating, enriching environment —
 - Encourage (reward) pro-social behavior and peers when possible
 - Discourage anti-social behavior when and whereever possible
 - Break up deviant peer relationships whenever detected



More on Shepherding

- Improve the pastures Make environmental accommodations for your child's deficits where you are able to do so
 - Make your rules and home life as consistent and predictable as possible
 - Manage behavior from principles, not from emotions
- And then enjoy the show. The rest is largely out of your control





#3: Use the Keys for Success





A Formula for Adult Success in Children with ADHD

- The support of loved ones is crucial to long-term success
- Accept ADHD as a neuro-genetic disorder affecting the child's development of self-regulation
- Find ways to compensate for the deficits in executive functioning and so reduce impairments arising from those deficits
- Take advantage of extra help at school and after school to promote academic competence
- Use ADHD medications when necessary and sustain their use through adolescence

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More Contributors to Success

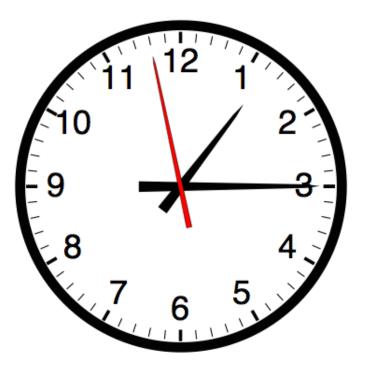
- Identify the child's strengths, unusual abilities, nontraditional aptitudes – music, performing arts, sports, visual arts, photography, technology, culinary science, outdoor recreation, entrepreneurship, the trades, etc.
- Find ways to promote the further development of and competence in those aptitudes
- **Identify area resources** that can further promote these often nontraditional aptitudes and enroll your child in them
- Be a safety net, advocate, and unconditional support system for the child – don't abandon them – tough love doesn't work!
- The formula for success: Treatment + Talents and Aptitudes + Resources + Supportive loved ones

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#4: Time Escapes Them! Make it Real

Typical Children
 ADHD Children

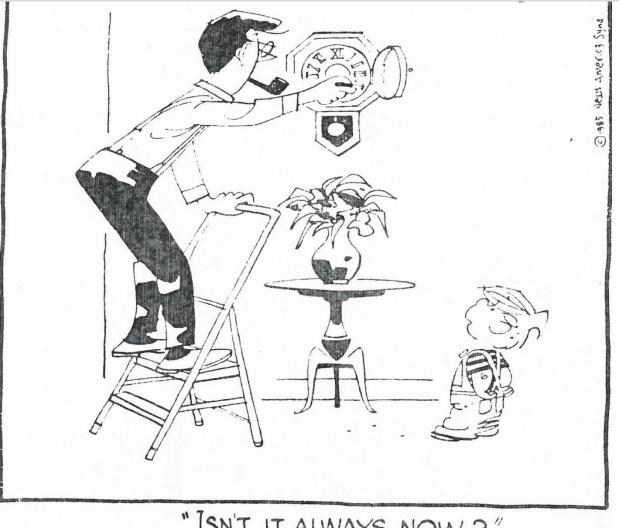




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ADHD Impairs a Child's Sense of Time



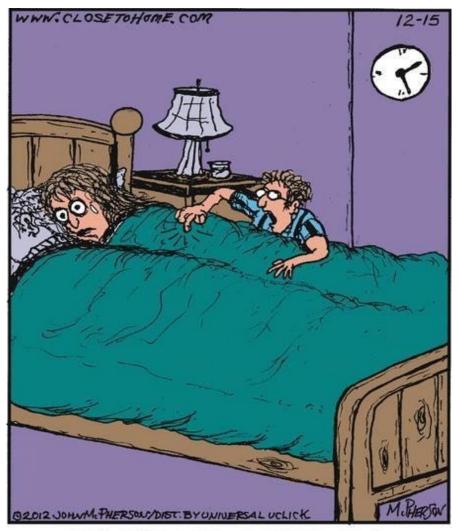
"ISN'T IT ALWAYS NOW ?"



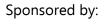
ADHD = Time Blindness

- Children with ADHD have problems with using their internal sense of time to guide their behavior; time escapes them
- They don't anticipate the future and so don't prepare for assignments ahead of time.
- They are also less able to wait for consequences or events and to defer gratification — they get impatient





"PSSSSSTTT! Mom! MOM!...I just remembered... I have to build a diorama of the Hoover Dam by second period tomorrow."



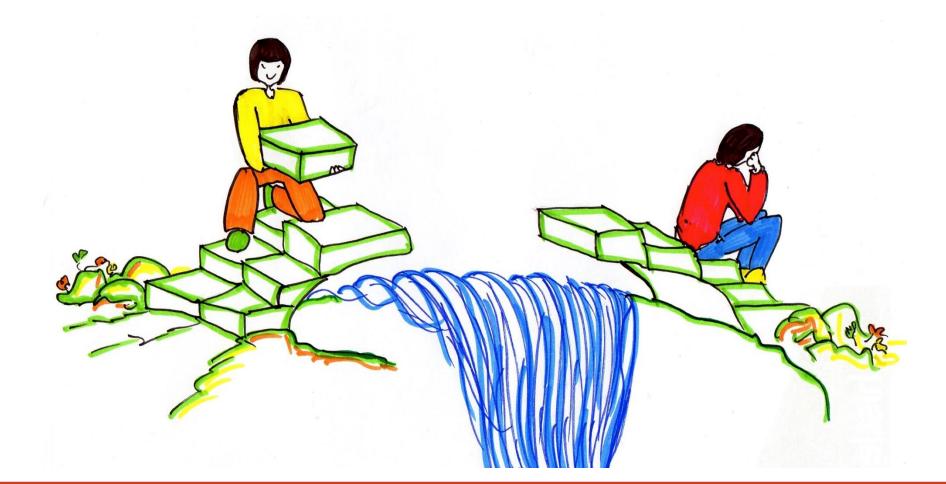


What to Do About Time Blindness

- So look at the E-R-O arrangements in their life
 - Events that need to be addressed
 - Responses to prepare for them
 - $\mathbf{O}\textsc{utcomes}$ or consequences from them
- Minimize delays! Shorten the delays between the E-R-O situations in life when you can. Bring eventsresponses-outcomes closer together
- For daily tasks, like homework, break down tasks into smaller quotas of shorter duration with short breaks
- For longer-term assignments, chunk them into smaller ones and do these smaller ones more daily. You are bridging the gaps in time in the original assignment



Bridging Time By Doing a Block at a Time



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Externalize Time

- If they have to work for a period of time longer than a few minutes, make the time interval physical (externalize it)
 - Use timers, clocks, counters, or other devices that show how much time there is to do something and how fast it is passing.
- If they have to wait for something, divert their attention away from the time interval and toward something else more interesting to do in the situation (watched pots never boil)



Make Time Real (Physical) Large 12" Timer



The Large Time Timer is designed to be wall hung for classroom and group activities. Its large size (12 inches square) and bold dial numerals make this timer easier to read for visually impaired users, as well. **How it works:**

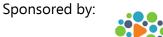
To set the Large Time Timer, move the red disc counterclockwise to the desired time interval. The disc diminishes as time elapses until no red is visible on the timer face. The disc may be moved clockwise or counterclockwise without harming the mechanism; however gentle handling will prolong the life of the timer.

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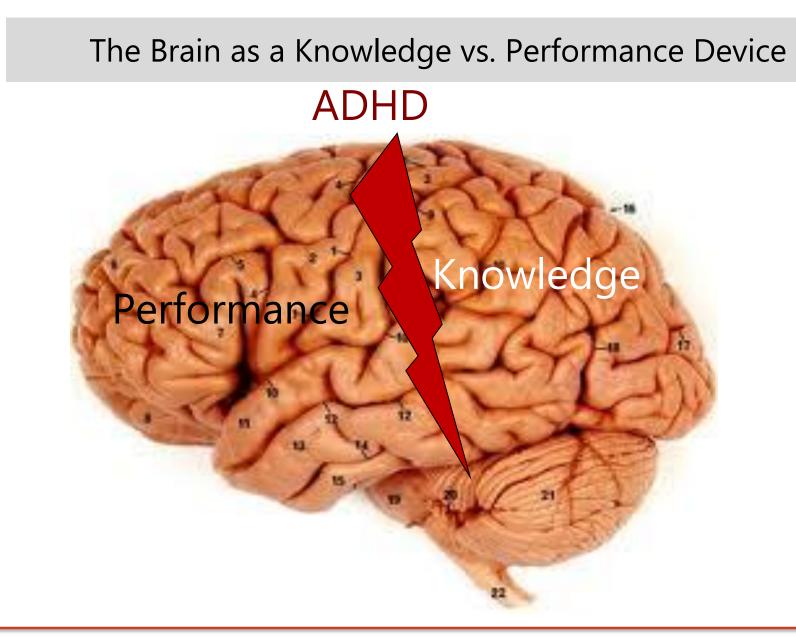


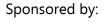
#5: Working Memory Isn't Working (remembering so as to do)













The GPS of the Mind





Our Two Working Memory Systems – Images and Self-Talk

- A special type of memory exists in our frontal lobes working memory or remembering to do. Holding information in mind that guides behavior
- It allows us to do what we know.
- It consists of two types of information, just like a GPS in our car or on our phone. Images and words, or self-talk.
- When we have a goal we decide to pursue or a future event to prepare for, we
 - upload relevant images of our past (maps, our hindsight) and
 - think about the best way to pursue our goal (foresight).
 - We use these images, along with self-talk, to guide us toward our destination, just as your GPS uses images and verbal instructions.



Make Important Information Physical

- Children with ADHD don't have adequate working memory.
 - So they cannot do what they know.
 - When you can't hold information in mind, it creates a performance disorder. It is not a problem of knowing what to do but DOING it. The goal is to help them show what they know
 - Skill training will not address this problem that is just conveying more knowledge
 - Accommodations must be at "the point of performance" that place in the natural setting where that knowledge is critical to utilize
 - This requires using prosthetic devices or "scaffolding" to help them recall and use what they know



What to Do About It?

- Off-load the content in their working memory on to other devices
- Use sticky notes, cards, cues, and other ways of physically representing information in that setting to help guide their behavior
- Digital recording devices may help but low tech paper journals & notes are best
- Use pictures and images about the task and goal to help keep them focused on it. (look for picture sequences on the Internet for many routine tasks)
- Have them draw simple pictures with arrows connecting them to show the sequence of steps to follow



More Help for Working Memory

- Make important rules or other reminders and information physical, using lists, picture sequences, etc. in situations where it is important for them to remember something
- As they get older, encourage the use of "do lists" (notes to self) and self-talk during tasks
- Have them rehearse "when-then" plans in a situation to help prime their recall of what they are to do the next time they are in that situation.
- You can even write these plans down on a file card and keep it in that work area to refer to the next time they do that task.





#6: Practice Forgiveness!





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Practice Forgiveness

- You are going to make mistakes in managing your child with ADHD
 - That's OK as long as you try to get it right next time
 - Forgive yourself for these occasional screw-ups; we all make them, even experts
- Others are going to misjudge your child; forgive others their ignorance of ADHD
- Your child will make more mistakes than others
 - That is OK as long as <u>he</u> tries to get it right next time Help him to do so
 - Forgive your child for these mistakes as well
 - Practice a daily exorcism of child problems
 - Find ways to restore a positive view of your child
 - Picture on fridge; watching her sleeping



Conclusions

- Understanding and managing a child with ADHD boils down to following these 6 basic principles of parenting
- Follow them and you will do as well as you can as a parent to raise a happier, more effective, and well-adjusted child
- And you will have a more supportive and peaceful family
- You will also have built the foundation for a lifelong relationship and a bond with your child that can help sustain both of you throughout life

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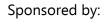




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Upcoming Webinars

Tuesday, March 2nd at 1pm ET
 Discipline Strategies for ADHD: How to Manage Your Child's Most Challenging
 Behaviors with David Anderson, Ph.D.
 <u>https://www.additudemag.com/webinar/adhd-behavior-problems/</u>

Wednesday, March 10th at 1pm ET
 Is It Bipolar Disorder or ADHD Moodiness? A Guide to Getting the Right
 Diagnosis and Treatment with Thomas E. Brown, Ph.D., and Ryan J. Kennedy
 <u>https://www.additudemag.com/webinar/bipolar-disorder-or-adhd/</u>

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ADDitude's online community for attention deficit support and solutions where you can join our ongoing ADHD discussion groups: <u>https://www.additudemag.com/forums/</u>

